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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/991,017	11/16/2001	Paul M. Petersen	042390.P12628	2968
7590 04/18/2006			EXAMINER	
Crystal D. Sayles c/o BLAKELY, SOKOLOFF, TAYLOR & ZAFMAN LLP 12400 Wilshire Boulevard Seventh Floor Los Angeles, CA 90025			TRUONG, CAMQUY	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2195 DATE MAILED: 04/18/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	09/991,017	PETERSEN, PAL	PETERSEN, PAUL M.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Camquy Truong	2195					
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	rith the correspondence ac	ddress				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory peri - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the may earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNI 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a iod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI tute, cause the application to become Ai	CATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this of BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	, ,				
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26	6 February 2006.						
	his action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
closed in accordance with the practice unde	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1,4-6,8-17 and 19-30 is/are pending	4) Claim(s) 1,4-6,8-17 and 19-30 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,4-6,8-17 and 19-30</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and							
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority docume	ents have been received.						
	_						
3.☐ Copies of the certified copies of the p		·· ——	Stage				
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Au 1	·						
Attachment(s)							
1) Motice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date							
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)							
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:							

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DETAILED ACTION

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1. Claims 1, and 4-6, 8-17, 19-30 are presented for examination. Claims 2-3, 7 and 18 are cancelled.

2. It is noted that although the present application does contain line numbers in the specification and claims, the line numbers in the claims do not correspond to the preferred format. The preferred format is to number each line of every claim, with each claim beginning with line 1. For ease of reference by both the examiner and Applicant all future correspondence should include the recommended line numbering.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 3. Claims 1, 4-6, 8-13, and 21-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
 - A. The claim language in the following claims is not clearly understood:
- i. As to claims 1 and 21, line 8, and claim 4, line 2, it is not clearly understood whether " a task" refers to " a task" in line 5.
- ii. As to claim 4, lines 1-4, it is not clearly indicated whether " a task" refers to " a task" in claim 1, line 5.

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ii. As to claim 13, lines 1-2, it is not clearly indicated whether " a task generating task " refers to " a task" or " a taskg task" in claim 1, line 5 - 11.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1, and 4-6, 8-17, 19-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Flood et al (U.S. Patent 6, 823, 351) in view of Shavit et al (Patent Application Publication 2003/0005025 A1).
- 6. As to claims 1 and 21, Flood teaches the invention substantially as claimed including a method comprising:

Creating a first stack of tasks associated with a first thread (col. 4, lines 26-28; Fig. 4a, 4b and 4c; col. 6, lines 17-20);

Creating another stack of tasks associated with another thread (col. 4, lines 26-28; Fig. 4a, 4b and 4c; col. 6, lines 17-20);

Executing tasks on the first stack of tasks with the first thread (col. 4, lines 32-35; col. 6, lines 29-30; col. 7, lines 31-33);

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Determining if the second stack of tasks contains a queued task executable by the first thread by examining a bit mask (col. 4, lines 51-52; col. 7, lines 51-53; col. 9, lines 2-10; col. 17, line 65 – col. 18, line 14), wherein the bit mask is locked before the bit mask is examined (col. 8, lines 40-46; col. 9, lines 11-13); and

Executing a queued task in the second stack by the first thread (col. 6, lines 31-32; col. 9, lines 2-5).

- 7. Flood does not explicitly teach that if the executed task is a taskq task, storing any additional tasks generated by the taskq task in the second stack. However, Shavit teaches if the executed task is a taskq task, storing any additional tasks generated by the taskq task in the second stack (paragraph 87- paragraph 88; paragraph 96, lines 11-19; claim 1, lines 11-19).
- 8. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Flood and Shavit because Shavit's if the executed task is a taskq task, storing any additional tasks generated by the taskq task in the second stack would improve the efficiency of Flood's system by storing any additional tasks generated by the taskq task in the second stack, if the executed task is a taskq task to not only reducing collection-cycle length but also increasing overall efficiency is to segregate the heap into one or more parts, called generations, that are subject to different collection policies.

9. As to claim 14, it is rejected for the same reason as claim 1. In addition, Flood teaches:

Creating a plurality of threads each having a stack of queued tasks (col. 4, lines 26-28; Fig. 4a, 4b and 4c; col. 6, lines 17-20);

At least one thread executing tasks on its stack of queued tasks until no queued task remains in its stack of queued tasks that is executable by the at least one thread, wherein the at least one thread becomes an idle thread (col. 4, lines 32-39; col.6, lines 30-31; col. 7, lines 46-51);

The idle thread searching a bit mask for a bit that is set indicating a thread that may have a task executable by the idle thread (col. 7, lines 51-56; col. 8, lines 16-30; col. 17, line 65- col. 18, lines 10), wherein the bit mask is locked before the bit mask is searched (col. 4, lines 18-20; col. 11, lines 41-51; col.12, lines 11-13);

In response to a set bit in the bit mask, the idle thread searching the stack of queued tasks owned by another thread for an available queued task that can be executed by the idle thread (col. 6, lines 29-32; col. 7, lines 50-55; col. 9, lines 2-10); and

If an available executable task is found, then the idle thread executing the available task (col. 6, lines 29-32; col. 8, line 65- col. 9, line 4).

10. As to claim 27, it reject for the same reason as claims 1 and 21. In addition, Flood teaches:

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A memory including a shared memory location (share common memory, col. 5, lines 27-28);

At least one processor to execute at least a first and second parallel thread (col. 4, lines 23-25; col. 5, lines 26-30).

- 11. As to claim 4, Flood teaches wherein determining if the second stack contains a task executable by the first thread further comprises searching the second stack of tasks to determine if the second stack of tasks contains the task executable by the first thread (col. 8, lines 16-31; col. 17, line 65- col. 18, line 14).
- 12. As to claim 5, Flood teaches locking the second stack of tasks by the first thread before it is searched (col.11, lines 42-43; col. 12, lines 11-13).
- 13. As to claims 6 and 15, Flood teaches changing a bit in the bit mask associated with the second thread if a task executable by the first thread is not on the second stack of tasks (col. 9, lines 5-10; col. 18, lines 8-14).
- 14. As to claims 8, 16 and 24, Shavit teaches changing a bit in a bit mask in response to executing a taskq task, which generates additional tasks (paragraph 61).
- 15. As to claim 9, Shavit teaches providing a signal to another thread that an additional task was generated (claim 10, lines 1-23).

16. As to claim 10, Food teaches changing the bit in the bit mask includes changing a bit associated with the second thread indicating the second stack of tasks contains a task executable by the first thread (col. 17, line 65- col. 18, lines 10).

- 17. As to claim 11, Food teaches executing all executable tasks on the first stack of tasks before determining if the second stack of tasks contains a task executable by the first thread (col. 6, lines 29-34; col. 7, lines 46-53).
- 18. As to claims 12-13, 20, 26 and 30, Food teaches causing the first thread to enter a wait state if the second stack of tasks does not contain a queued task executable by the first thread (col. 10, lines 58-63; col. 18, lines 3-6).
- 19. As to claims 17 and 22, Food teaches enabling an idle thread to search its stack of queued tasks for an available task that is executable in response to the setting of a bit in the bit mask (col. 10, lines 30-42; col. 17, line 65- col. 18, lines 10).
- 20. As to claim 19, Food teaches in response to the idle thread executing the available executable task, the idle thread searching its stack of queued tasks for another available task that is executable (col. 10, lines 38-42).
- 21. As to claims 23 and 25, Food teaches the bit mask has a bit associated with the second thread and the bit is changed if a queued task is not on the second stack of

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tasks (col. 17, line 65- col. 18, lines 10).

22. As to claim 28, Flood determining if a task executable by the first thread is available, the first thread to examines the bit mask to determine if the second stack of tasks contains the available task and then to searches the second stack of tasks for the available task (col. 8, lines 16-31; col. 17, line 65- col. 18, lines 10).

23. As to claim 29, Food teaches the first thread changes a bit in the bit mask associated with the second thread if the first thread executes an available task in the second stack that generates a task (col.18, lines 8-11).

Conclusion

24. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Camquy Truong whose telephone number is (571) 272-3773. The examiner can normally be reached on 8AM – 5PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Meng-Ai An can be reached on 571-272-3756. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-3756.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR of Public PAIP. Status

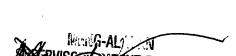
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Camquy Truong

April 11, 2006



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